

Un outils parmi beaucoup d'autres pour surveiller un réseau informatique

Free Network Analyzer: Wireshark.

Wireshark is a network packet analyzer. A network packet analyzer presents captured packet data in as much detail as possible.

You could think of a network packet analyzer as a measuring device for examining what's happening inside a network cable, just like an electrician uses a voltmeter for examining what's happening inside an electric cable (but at a higher level, of course).

In the past, such tools were either very expensive, proprietary, or both. However, with the advent of Wireshark, that has changed. Wireshark is available for free, is open source, and is one of the best packet analyzers available today.

1.1.1. Some intended purposes

Here are some reasons people use Wireshark:

- Network administrators use it to *troubleshoot network problems*
- Network security engineers use it to *examine security problems*
- QA engineers use it to *verify network applications*
- Developers use it to *debug protocol implementations*
- People use it to *learn network protocol internals*

Wireshark can also be helpful in many other situations.

1.1.2. Features

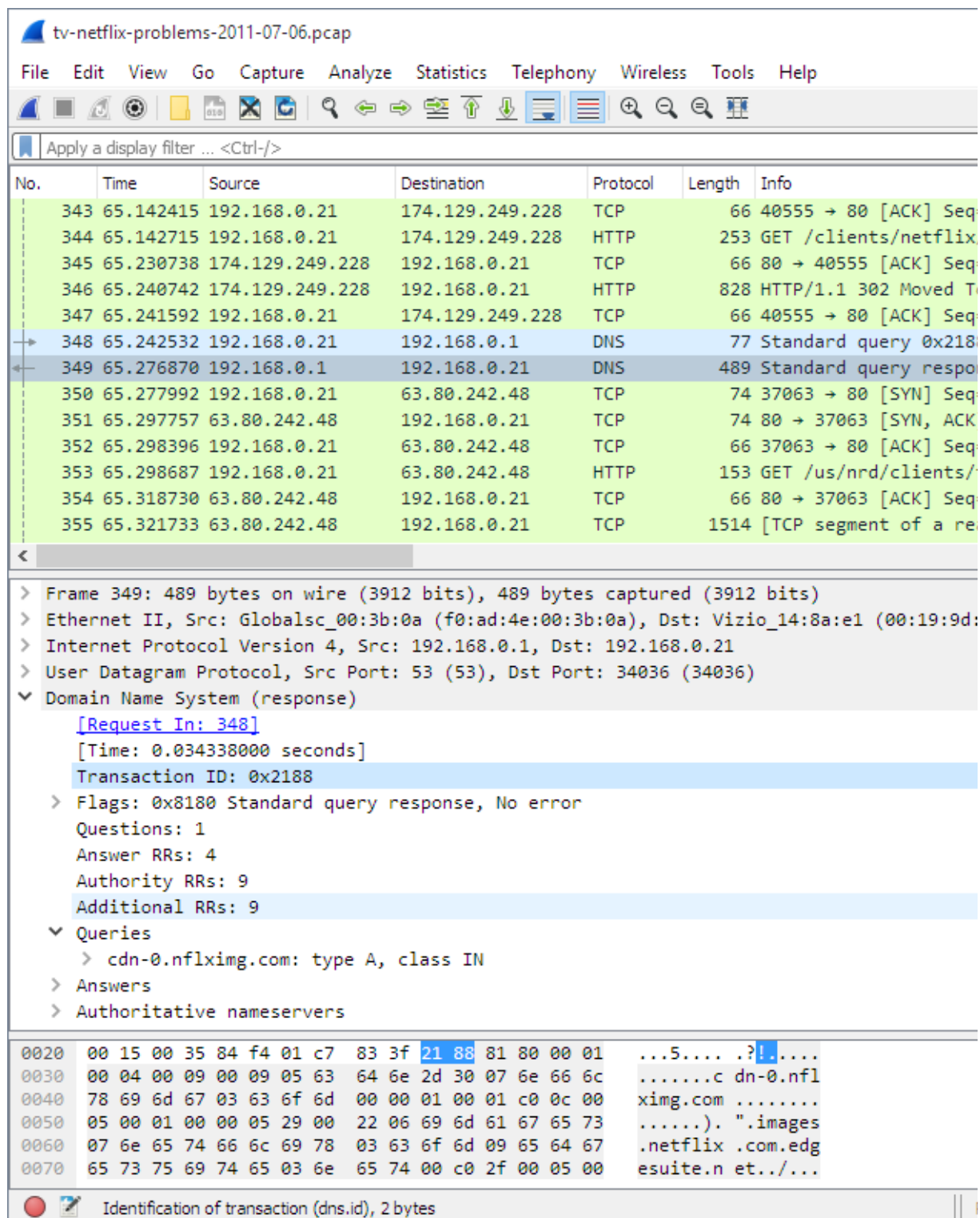
The following are some of the many features Wireshark provides:

- Available for *UNIX* and *Windows*.
- *Capture* live packet data from a network interface.
- *Open* files containing packet data captured with tcpdump/WinDump, Wireshark, and many other packet capture programs.
- *Import* packets from text files containing hex dumps of packet data.
- Display packets with *very detailed protocol information*.
- *Save* packet data captured.
- *Export* some or all packets in a number of capture file formats.
- *Filter packets* on many criteria.
- *Search* for packets on many criteria.
- *Colorize* packet display based on filters.
- Create various *statistics*.
- ...and *a lot more!*

However, to really appreciate its power you have to start using it.

[Figure 1.1, “Wireshark captures packets and lets you examine their contents.”](#) shows Wireshark having captured some packets and waiting for you to examine them.

Figure 1.1. Wireshark captures packets and lets you examine their contents.



1.1.3. Live capture from many different network media

Wireshark can capture traffic from many different network media types, including Ethernet, Wireless LAN, Bluetooth, USB, and more. The specific media types supported may be limited by several factors, including your hardware and operating system. An overview of the supported media types can be found at

<https://gitlab.com/wireshark/wireshark/wikis/CaptureSetup/NetworkMedia>.